## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

- 18. (currently amended): A method for producing a heterologous polypeptide comprising
- (a) introducing a DNA sequence coding for a fusion polypeptide comprising the heterologous polypeptide, a selectively cleavable link and superoxide dismutase into a host cell, wherein the selectively cleavable link comprises at least one amino acid and further wherein said link provides for a selectively cleavable site;
  - (b) culturing the host cell under conditions such that the fusion polypeptide is expressed; and
  - (c) isolating the fusion polypeptide from the host cell.
  - 19. (previously added): The method of claim 18, wherein the host cell is a prokaryotic cell.
  - 20. (previously added): The method of claim 19, wherein the prokaryotic host cell is E. coli.
- 21. (previously added): The method of claim 19, wherein the prokaryotic host cell is B. subtilis.
- 22. (previously added): The method of claim 20, wherein the heterologous polypeptide is a mammalian polypeptide.
- 23. (previously added): The method of claim 21, wherein the heterologous polypeptide is a mammalian polypeptide.
  - 24. (new): The method of claim 18, wherein the cleavable link is methionine.
  - 25. (new): The method of claim 18, wherein the cleavable link is Lys-Arg.
  - 26. (new): The method of claim 18, wherein the cleavable link is (Asp)<sub>4</sub>-Lys.
  - 27. (new): The method of claim 18, wherein the cleavable link includes hinge amino acids.
- 28. (new): The method of claim 18, wherein the cleavable link is an enzymatically removable link.